LESSON 11

Community Awareness Plan

Applicable TEKS

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<th>Science Grade 4</th>
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<td>4.2 C, D, F</td>
<td>5.2 D, F, G</td>
<td>6.2 E</td>
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<td>4.3 A</td>
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Duration
Two to five 40-minute lessons

Objectives
Students will brainstorm and discover any problems with their stream and their main causes. The students will develop a community awareness plan to educate their community about water pollution and ways to reduce it.

Prerequisites
Students should complete Lesson 10—Data Analysis

Materials
- Team notebooks
- Optional: computer and projector (to show satellite imagery)

Procedure
1. Inform students that the class will work together to discover any problems with your stream and then brainstorm (a problem-solving process) to find the possible main cause.
2. Before starting the brainstorming process, students should review their handouts and see if they can identify any problems. (Examples: Were the dissolved oxygen levels low? Were there any unusual smells along the creek? Was the water temperature high? And so on.)
3. Before starting the brainstorming session, remind your students that there are no bad ideas and no wrong answers when brainstorming. Also let them know that you will be writing their ideas on the board.
4. Brainstorming session—
   a. Brainstorm: Ask your students to list all possible problems with their stream.
      - Example: high water temperatures.
   b. Select and Brainstorm: Select one or more of the problems and ask them to list all of the possible causes.
      - Example: high water temperatures possibly caused by sun exposure (no shade), high turbidity, tests conducted on a very hot day, nearby point sources releasing warm water into the stream, etc.
   c. Brainstorm and Select: Ask your students to remove items from this list that are not supported by their collected data. If only one item remains, then that is the possible main cause. If more than one remains, then you may need to select one as the possible main cause. If none remain, then you may need to restart the brainstorming session or select a different problem.
      - Example: from the data—the water was not turbid, it wasn’t a hot day, and there were no point sources nearby; therefore, the only one remaining on the list was “sun exposure (no shade),” so that is possibly the main cause.
   d. Brainstorm: With the possible main cause known, ask your students to list ways that would minimize this cause (which should resolve or minimize the problem).
      - Example: increase shade by planting trees, installing artificial shade, planting native plants along the banks, etc.
   e. Select: Select the most reasonable item from this list and then proceed to developing a community awareness plan.
      - Example: plant trees to increase shade.
5. The development of the community awareness plan can be a classroom activity (via brainstorming sessions) or a predefined plan you created. To help develop this plan, you should think about the:
   a. Target group—who in the community can help minimize the cause?
      - Example: Landowners around the stream, environmental groups, or local garden clubs might help plant trees.
   b. Message—what simple message can you create to explain the problem and its main cause? In your message, you could also add information about water pollution, who conducted survey, etc.
Example: Hot streams mean hot things! Caldwell Elementary students need your support to increase the amount of shade on our local stream to help reduce water temperatures and protect our aquatic life.

c. Message form—how should you deliver your message to your target group? It could be in the form of flyers, posters, banners, letters, Web pages, etc.
   ■ Example: Create letters we can mail.

d. Mission—what is our mission?
   ■ Example: Our mission is to create letters and mail them to landowners, garden clubs, and environmental groups to encourage them to plant trees along our stream.

6. Looking at the mission, discuss the implementation phase of your plan:

   a. What needs to be done?
   ■ Example: we need to develop additional language for the letter, develop a mailing list, print letters, etc.

   b. How and where should we work on the plan?
   ■ Example: Some students should develop the language for the letter while the others work in the computer lab to develop the mailing list, print the letters, place the letters in the envelope with a stamp, and then mail the letters.

   c. Who should do what?
   ■ Example: This spreadsheet shows all the students and their tasks …

7. Once you are ready, implement your community awareness plan.